# Deep Learning for Vision and Language

Welcome and Introduction



#### About the class

- COMP 646: Deep Learning for Vision and Language
- Instructor: Vicente Ordóñez (Vicente Ordóñez Román)
- Website: <a href="https://www.cs.rice.edu/~vo9/deep-vislang">https://www.cs.rice.edu/~vo9/deep-vislang</a>
- Location: Zoom Rice Canvas has the links OR
   Duncan Hall 1070
- Times: Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays from 1pm to 1:50pm Central Time
- Office Hours: TBD
- Teaching Assistants: TBD
- Discussion Forum: Rice Canvas

#### on a /

### RICE UNIVERSITY COMP 646: Deep Learning for Vision and Language | Spring 2022

vislang

Instructor: Vicente Ordóñez-Román (vicenteor at rice.edu)

Class Time: Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays from 1pm to 1:50pm Central Time (Virtual OR Duncan Hall 1070).

Course Description: Visual recognition and language understanding are two challenging tasks in AI. In this course we will study and acquire the skills to build machine learning and deep learning models that can reason about images and text for generating image descriptions, visual question answering, image retrieval, and other tasks involving both text and images. On the technical side we will leverage models such as recurrent neural networks (RNNs), convolutional neural networks (CNNs), and transformer networks (e.g. BERT), among others.

Learning Objectives: (a) Develop intuitions about the connections between language and vision, (b) Understanding foundational concepts in representation learning for both images and text, (c) Become familiar with state-of-the-art models for tasks in vision and language, (d) Obtain practical experience in the implementation of these models.



Prerrequisites: There are no formal pre-requisities for this class. However a basic command of machine learning, deep learning or computer vision will be useful when taking this class. Students should have knowledge of linear algebra, differential calculus, and basic statistics and probability. Moreover students are expected to have attained some level of proficiency in Python programming or be willing to learn Python programming. Students are encouraged to complete the following activity before the first lecture:

[Primer on Image Processing].

Grading: Assignments: 30% (3 assignments), Class Project: 50%, Quiz: 10%, Class Participation: 10%.

#### Schedule

Date	Торіс
Mon, Jan 10	Introduction to Vision and Language
Wed, Jan 12	Machine Learning I: Supervised vs Unsupervised Learning, Linear Classifiers
Fri, Jan 14	Machine Learning II: Stochastic Gradient Descent / Regularization
	Assignment on Text and Image Classification
Mon, Jan 17	Martin Luther King, Jr. Day (Holiday - No Scheduled Classes)
Wed, Jan 19	Neural Networks I: Multi-layer Perceptrons and Backpropagation
Fri, Jan 21	Practical Session: Neural Networks Building Blocks



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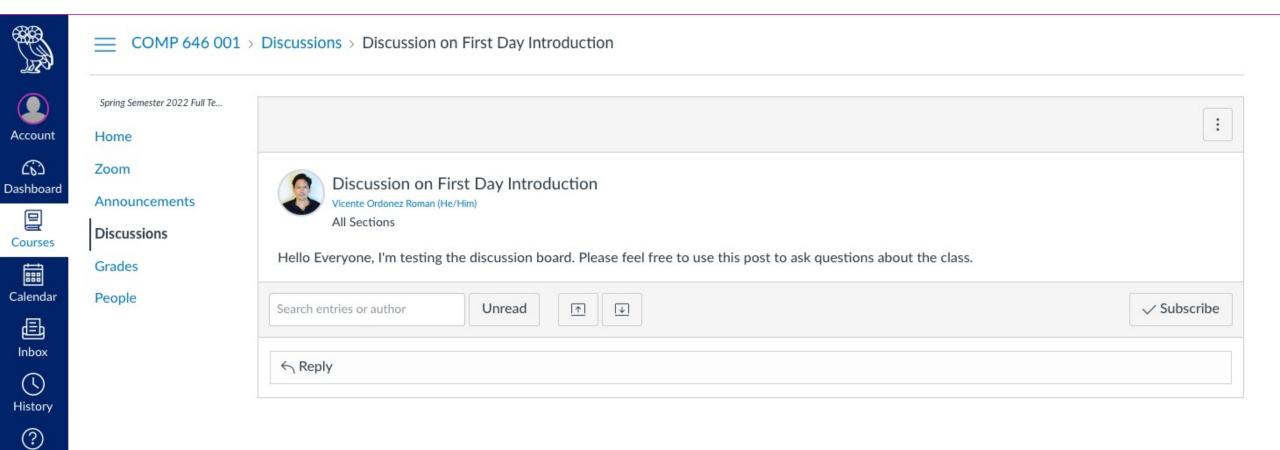
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#### Rice Canvas

Help



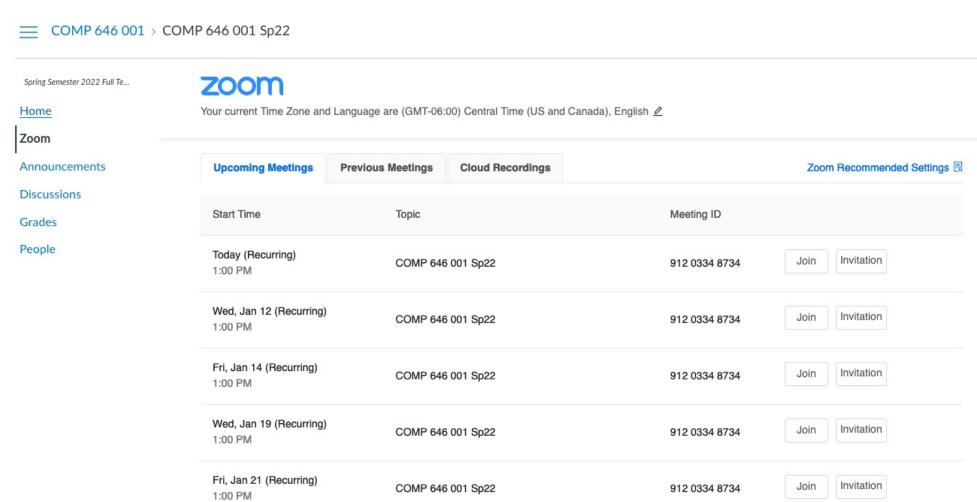
### Zoom Links





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Help



### About me -- Vicente

Associate Professor, RICE UNIVERSITY 2021 - Present Visiting Academic amazon alexa 2021 - Present Assistant Professor, **UNIVERSITY** of VIRGINIA 2016 - 2021 Visiting Professor, Adobe Research 2019 Visiting Researcher, ALLEN INSTITUTE for ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE 2015 - 2016 MS, PhD in CS, THE UNIVERSITY 2009-2015 of NORTH CAROLINA at CHAPEL HILL \* Stony Brook University ... also spent time at: Google Microsoft

### What is Vision and Language?

Anything at the intersection of Computer Vision and Natural Language Processing. Systems and models that depend a little bit on both.

- Computer Vision: How do we teach machines to process, represent and understand images? e.g. to recognize objects in images.
- Natural Language Processing: How do we teach machines to process, represent and understand text? e.g. to classify or generate text.

# vision, language and learning





home people demos publications



The vision, language and learning lab, vislang, at Rice University pursues fundamental research at the intersection of computer vision, natural language processing and machine learning. We aim to create intelligent systems that can learn from vast amounts of visual and textual information, that can integrate and enhance human experiences, and that can resolve complex tasks that typically require human intelligence.

Read about some of our work on bias in visual recognition in WIRED and Glamour. Some of our recent work on analyzing movies on TechXplore, and our work on generating images from text in the blogs of IBM and NVIDIA.

#### News and Announcements

- 07/2021. Two papers accepted to ICCV 2021, Reranking Transformers [arxiv] and MEDIRL [arxiv].
- 07/2021. After some wonderful five years at the University of Virginia, our group is in the process of moving to the Department of Computer Science at Rice University in Houston, Texas~!
- 06/2021. Our work on teaching machines compositional vision and language models is funded through a National Science Foundation CAREER Award [link]
- 06/2021. Tianlu Wang defends her PhD Dissertation Measuring and Mitigating Biases in Vision and Language Models, accepts position as

#### Visual Translator

This demo attemps to translate a sentence in English into visual feature space and into a sentence in both German (Deutsch) and Japanese (日本語).

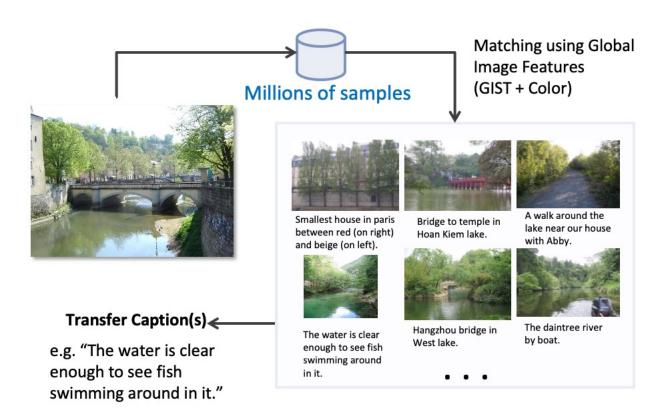


Facial Recognition Technologies in the Wild

With colleagues Erik-Learned Miller, Jamie



#### Describing images with language



#### https://vislang.ai/sbu-explorer

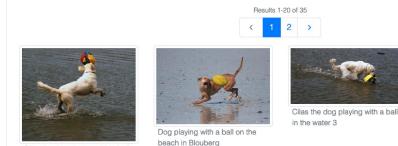
#### **SBU Captions Explorer**

Cilas the dog playing with a ball

in the water 1

The SBU Captions Dataset contains 1 million images with captions obtained from Flickr circa 2011 as documented in Ordonez, Kulkarni, and Berg. NeurIPS 2011. These are captions written by real users, pre-filtered by keeping only captions that have at least two nouns, a noun-verb pair, or a verb-adjective pair. They also exclude many noisy captions and trivial captions. The final set still contains noise which might be significant for some use cases, nevertheless this dataset has been used for research purposes for several tasks e.g. Google's Show-and-Tell and Microsoft's UNITER. Here we provide a search tool to find images on this dataset. Often researchers want to test their systems with specific images, this tools allows searching for some that match human-written text descriptions. If you're interested in dowloading this whole dataset go here instead.

Try entering queries such as "a person holding a cat", or "a bird on top of a boat" dog playing with ball



playing ball in the dog kennel/practice cage...

Im2Text: Describing Images Using 1 Million Captioned Photographs

Vicente Ordonez, Girish Kulkarni, Tamara L. Berg.

Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems. NIPS 2011. Granada, Spain. December 2011.

#### Describing images with language

#### Retrieving verb phrases from similar object detections



Contented dog just laying on the

Contented dog just laying on the edge of the road in front of a house..



Peruvian dog sleeping on city street in the city of Cusco, (Peru)

Detect: dog

Find matching dog detections by visual similarity



this dog was laying in the middle of the road on a back street in jaco



Closeup of my dog sleeping under my desk.

#### Large Scale Retrieval and Generation of Image Descriptions

V. Ordonez, X. Han, P. Kuznetsova, G. Kulkarni, M. Mitchell, K. Yamaguchi, K. Stratos, A. Goyal, J. Dodge, A. Mensch, H. Daume III, A.C. Berg, Y. Choi, T.L. Berg. International Journal of Computer Vision. IJCV 2015. [August 2016 Issue]. [pdf] [link] [bibtex]

#### Describing language with images

#### https://vislang.ai/text2scene

#### Text2Scene

Text2Scene was proposed in a paper by our group at CVPR 2019 as Text2Scene: Generating Compositional Scenes from Textual Descriptions. This model takes as input textual descriptions of a scene and generates the scene graphically object by object using a Recurrent Neural Network, highlighting their ability to learn complex and seemingly non-sequential tasks. The more advanced version of our model requires more computing but can also produce real images by stitching segments from other images. Read more about Text2Scene in the in the research blogs of IBM and NVIDIA and download the full source code from https://github.com/uvavision/Text2Scene. This demo generates cartoon-like images using the vocabulary and graphics from the Abstract Scenes dataset proposed by Zitnick and Parikh in 2013.

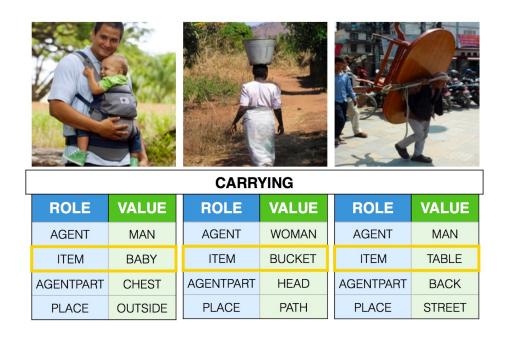
Besides Mike and Jenny feel free to reference any of these other objects: bear, cat, dog, duck, owl, snake, hat, crown, pirate hat, viking hat, witch hat, glasses, pie, pizza, hot dog, ketchup, mustard, drink, bee, slide, sandbox, swing, tree, pine tree, apple tree, helicopter, balloon, sun, cloud, rocket, airplane, ball, football, basketball, baseball bat, shovel, tennis racket, kite, fire. Also feel free to describe Mike and Jenny with other attributes or action words such as sitting, running, jumping, kicking, standing, afraid, happy, scared, angry, etc.

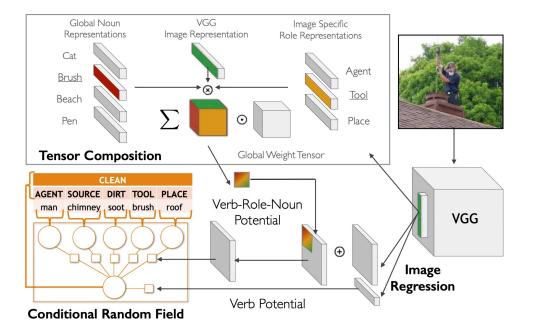
#1	Mike is next to a tree
" 1	Milke to Hox to a noo
#2	Jenny is happy and kicks the ball
#3	There is a fire



Demo by Leticia and Vicente

#### Situation Recognition





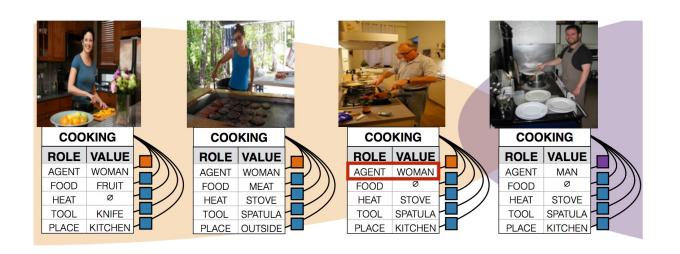
#### http://imsitu.org/

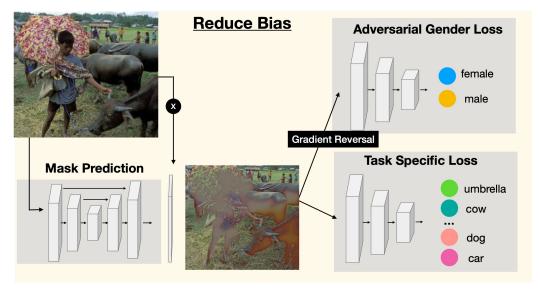
Commonly Uncommon: Semantic Sparsity in Situation Recognition

Mark Yatskar, Vicente Ordonez, Luke Zettlemoyer, Ali Farhadi.

Intl. Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition. CVPR 2017. Honolulu, Hawaii. July 2017. [pdf] [arXiv] [bibtex] [demo]

#### Learning from Images with Textual Descriptions





#### https://www.vislang.ai/genderless

Balanced Datasets Are Not Enough: Estimating and Mitigating Gender Bias in Deep Image Representations. Tianlu Wang, Jieyu Zhao, Mark Yatskar, Kai-Wei Chang, Vicente Ordonez. International Conference on Computer Vision. ICCV 2019. Seoul, South Korea. October 2019. [arxiv] [code] [demo] [bibtex]

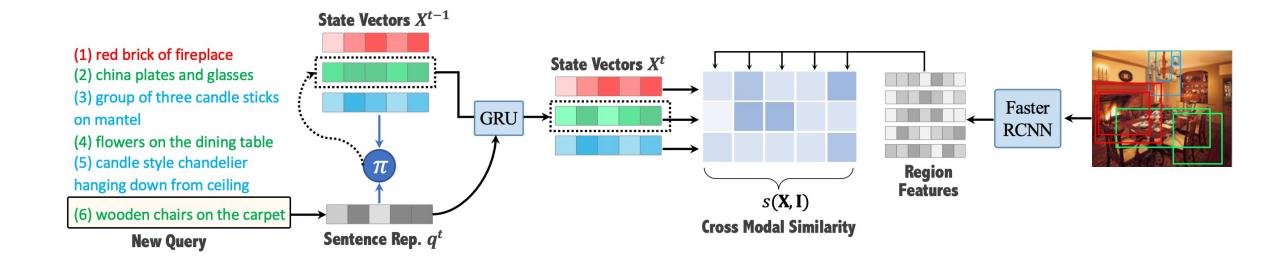
#### Interactive Image Retrieval



Drill-down: Interactive Retrieval of Complex Scenes using Natural Language Queries

Fuwen Tan, Paola Cascante-Bonilla, Xiaoxiao Guo, Hui Wu, Song Feng, Vicente Ordonez. Conf. on Neural Information Processing Systems. **NeurIPS 2019**. Vancouver, Canada. December 2019. [arxiv] [code] [bibtex]

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Target



Q Two people in a ski field









The man is wearing a black hat





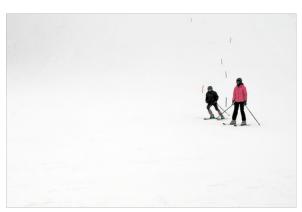




The woman is wearing a pink coat









they both have goggles

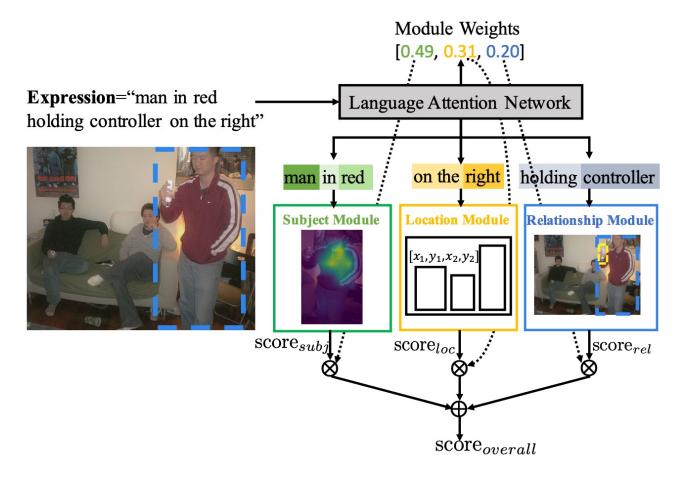






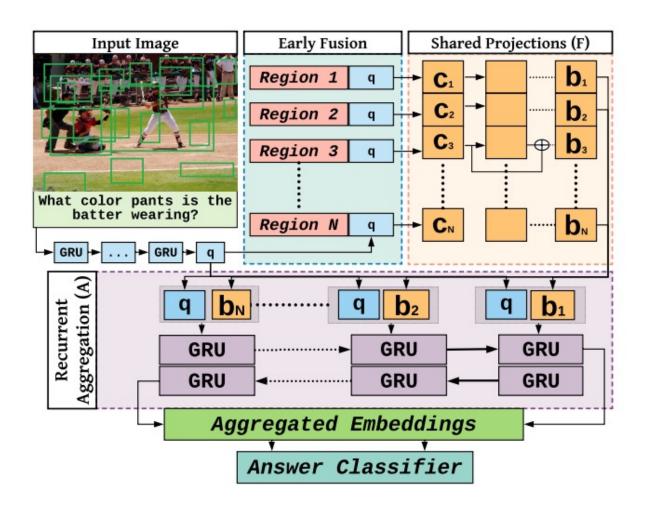


### Referring Expression Comprehension



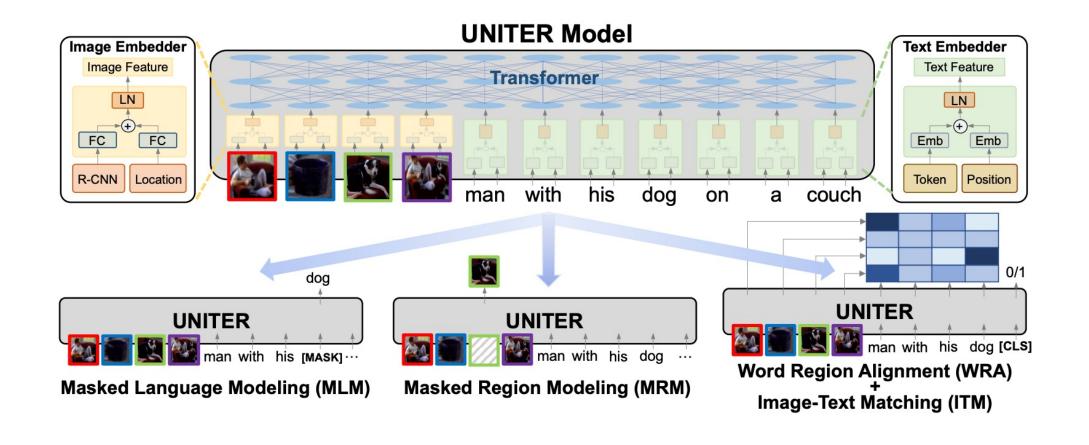
MAttNet: Modular Attention Network for Referring Expression Comprehension

### Visual Question Answering



Answer Them All! Toward Universal Visual Question Answering Models

# Vision-and-Language Transformers

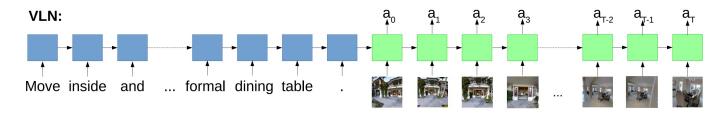


#### **UNITER: UNiversal Image-TExt Representation Learning**

### Vision-and-Language for Navigation

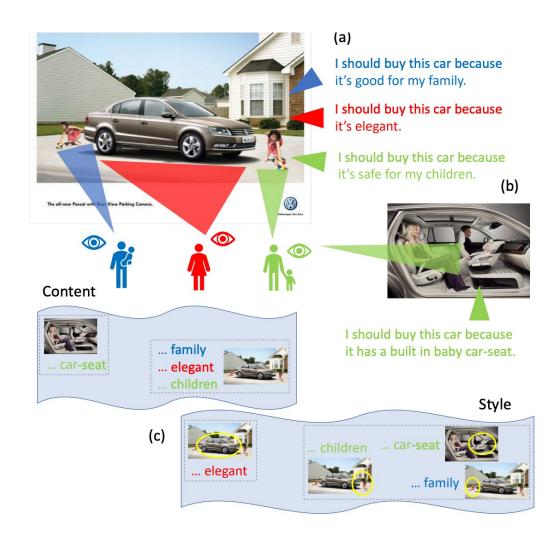
**Instruction:** Head upstairs and walk past the piano through an archway directly in front. Turn right when the hallway ends at pictures and table. Wait by the moose antlers hanging on the wall.





Vision-and-Language Navigation: Interpreting visually-grounded navigation instructions in real environments

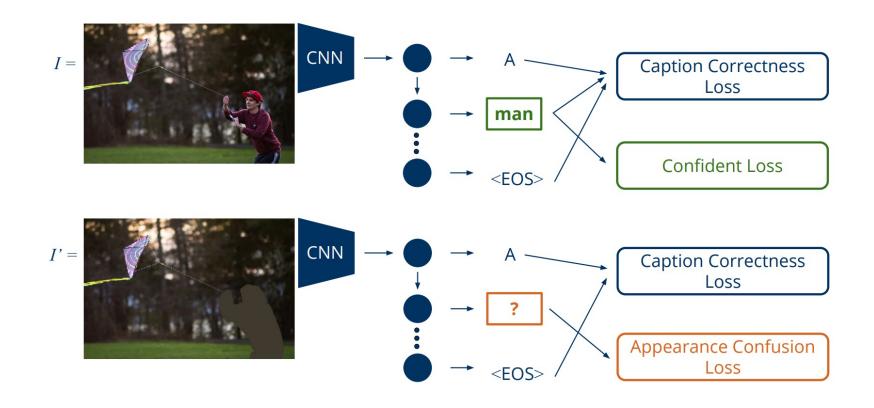
# Personalized Image Retrieval



#### **Cross-Modality Personalization for Retrieval**

Nils Murrugarra-Llerena Adriana Kovashka
Department of Computer Science
University of Pittsburgh

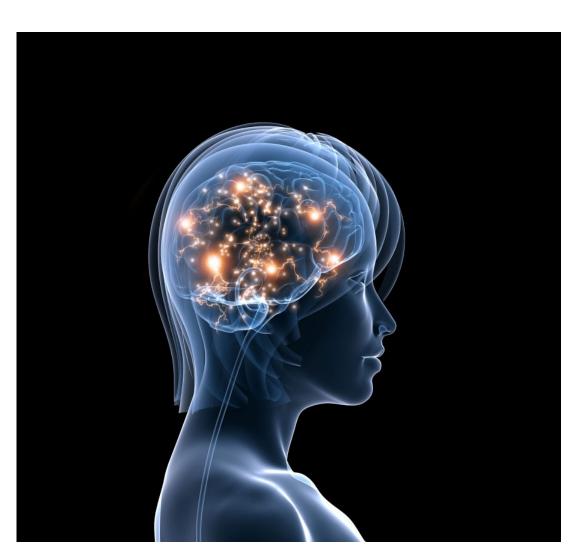
# Fairness in Vision and Language Models



#### Women also Snowboard: Overcoming Bias in Captioning Models

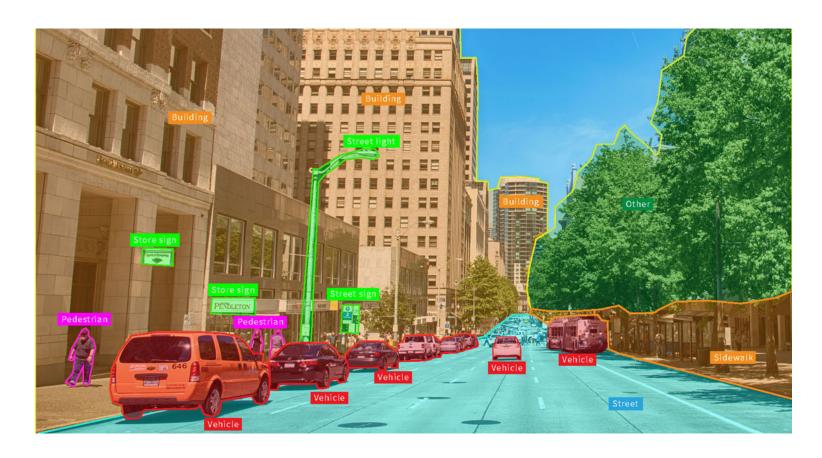
# Why Vision and Language Together?

What makes us intelligent?



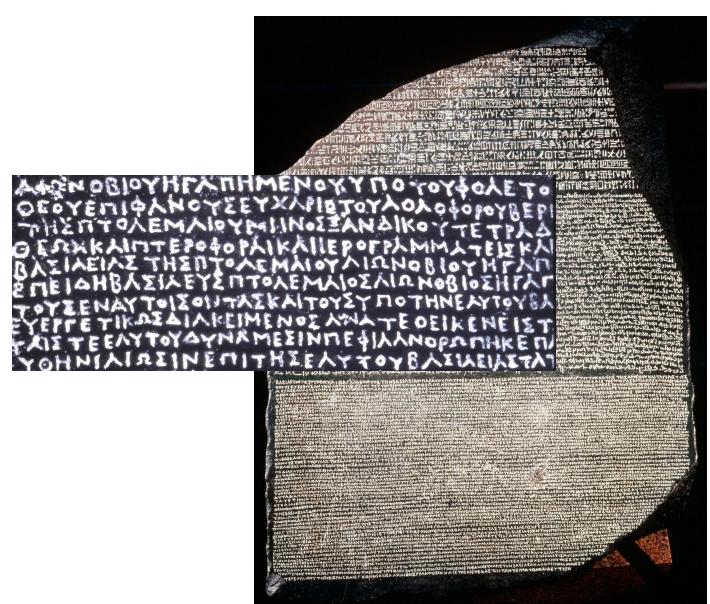
# Why Vision and Language Together?

- What makes us intelligent?
- Vision is not just sensing – but interpreting what our eyes capture



# Why Vision and Language Together?

- What makes us intelligent?
- Vision is not just sensing – but interpreting what our eyes capture
- Language is not just a sequence of symbols – but interpreting what do they mean – think of a foreign language to you



# Can we learn language through pictures?



https://www.hameraypublishing.com/blogs/all/teaching-kids-about-the-structure-of-the-spanish-language

# Vision and Language in Practice

 Searching products using language can be hard – e.g. I want to find a "rustic vintage curio with dark cherry finishes"



### Vision and Language in Practice

Robotics: Instruction Following

# Amazon launches home robot Astro and giant Alexa display

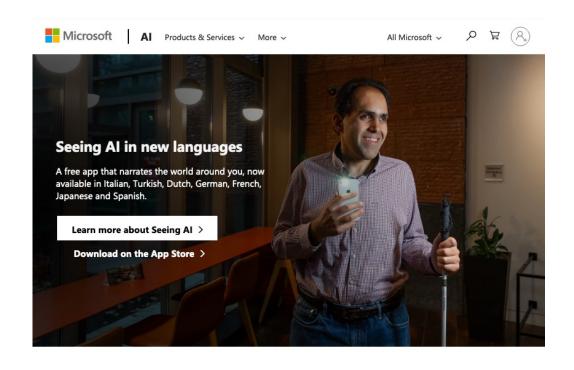
Robot that can check on loved ones and pets is one of plethora of devices announced at big launch event



Astro is Amazon's first attempt at a home robot designed to be a roving smart platform for Alexa, video calling and many other services. Photograph: Amazon

### Vision and Language in Practice

Assistive Technologies





Scene
An experimental feature to describe the scene around you



Complete multiple tasks with one app

Switch between channels to tune the description of what's in front of the camera.

**Color**Describes the perceived color

### What will we cover in this class?

#### In terms of tools

3 weeks

2 weeks

2 weeks

Introduction to ML / Vision / NLP

Neural Networks (NNs) / Deep Learning.

Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs)

Recurrent Neural Networks (RNNs, LSTMs, GRUs)

Transformers (e.g. BERT, GPT, UNITER, etc)

8 weeks

State-of-the-art and Recent Developments

### What will we cover in this class?

#### In terms of topics

- Image Captioning
- Referring Expression Comprehension
- Visually-grounded Question Answering
- Learning from Text and Images
- Visually-grounded Dialog
- Retrieving Images from Natural Language Queries
- Generating Images from Text
- Multimodal Translation using both Images and Text
- Vision-Language Navigation
- Biases in Vision and Language Tasks
- Possibly more topics...

### Pre-requisites

- No formal pre-requisites but...
- You need to know how to program with Python or be VERY motivated to learn as you go. Definitely know how to program at a college graduate level.
- You will benefit from knowing some Machine Learning or be VERY motivated to do some self-learning as you go.
- You need to be proficient on basic calculus, linear algebra, and statistics. Nothing advanced but the right basic terminology and concepts are needed. (matrices, vectors, vector spaces, chain rule of calculus, derivatives, gradients, bayes theorem, maximum likelihood estimation, least squares regression)

### Grading for this class: COMP 646

- Assignments: 30pts (3 assignments: 10pts + 10pts + 10pts)
- Class Project: 50pts
- Participation (Asynchronous Class Activities): 10pts
- Quiz: 10pts

Total: 100pts

Grade cutoffs: TBD

### Class Project Timeline

- Class Project: 50pts
  - You can form a group: 3 students maximum per group
  - You can also work solo 1 student groups.
- In ~3 weeks: Submit as a group a project proposal (1 page PDF)
- In ~5 weeks: Submit as a group a final project proposal (1 page PDF)
- In ~10 weeks: Submit a project progress report (2 page PDF)
- End of semester: Submit the following:
  - Project report PDF (4 pages)
  - Slides + Presentation (Ideally in class before the semester ends)
  - Source code + ideally an online demo (if appropriate)

# We will also be using...



https://colab.research.google.com/

### We might need to use



We have \$50 coups for each student.

If your project is completed in a group of 3, then you would have \$150 worth of compute.

# You will benefit if you have



NVIDIA Ampere A100 \$17,000

NVIDIA Tesla v100 \$7,000

NVIDIA RTX 3090 \$3,000

NVIDIA GTX 1080 Ti \$700

# We will be using





https://huggingface.co/

But you're free to use any other framework especially for your projects: e.g. Tensorflow, Apache MXNet, JAX

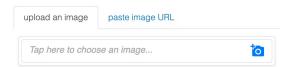
# However for your projects...



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#### Genderless

Our group has produced several models and diagnostic methods for addressing gender bias in natural language processing and computer vision. Here we leverage our ICCV 2019 paper: Balanced Datasets Are Not Enough: Estimating and Mitigating Gender Bias in Deep Image Representations. In this paper we proposed a method to adversarially remove as much as possible from an image any features that could be predictive of whether a person will use a gendered word to describe it. We used a large dataset of images with captions and selected images that had references in the text such as "man" or "woman" and trained a model that can recognize the objects in the image but has as much difficulty as possible in predicting gender. When we applied this transformations to the image space, we can examine what the model is trying to do. Try your own images below and see what it does.







# However for your projects...



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#1 Mike is next to a tree

#2 Jenny is happy and kicks the ball

#3 There is a fire

Generate Scene



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#### For Next Class...

Intro to Machine Learning

You need to complete the following two activities:

Completing this [<u>Primer on Image Processing</u>], and optionally, the tutorial and assignment on [<u>Image Classification</u>] from my old Deep Learning for Visual Recognition class.

# Questions?